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### ONLINE, ON PAPER AND ON EMAIL

We are the leading source of UK cancer statistics. On our cancer statistics webpages you can:

- Download over 650 charts and tables on incidence, mortality and survival in the UK, Europe and the World, covering almost 30 cancer sites and all cancers together.
- Download our [Cancer Statistics Reports](#) giving more in-depth detailed explanations about cancer stats and risk factors.
- [Cancer Statistics Key Facts](#) is our expanding series of simple messages about the stats on a range of cancers.
- Find detailed statistics on the causes of cancer.

Find us online at:

[cruk.org/cancerstats](http://cruk.org/cancerstats)

If you have any questions or would like to sign up to our e-news mailing list email us at:

[stats.team@cancer.org.uk](mailto:stats.team@cancer.org.uk)

## THE LATEST CANCER STATISTICS

### SKIN CANCER DEATH RATES ARE 70% HIGHER IN MEN BUT EIGHT IN 10 PEOPLE NOW SURVIVE

Our latest research shows that death rates in men are 70% higher than in women despite incidence rates being similar.

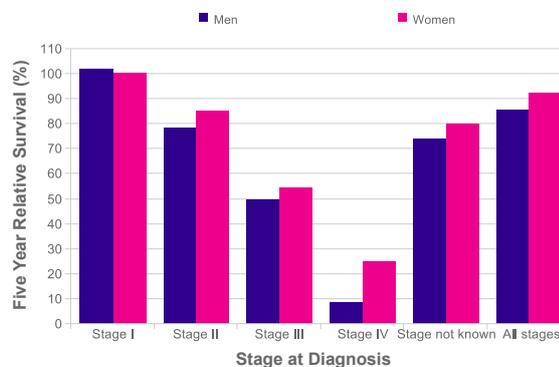
This means that, of the 6,200 men who develop melanoma each year, 1,300 die from the disease, while 900 of the 6,600 women who develop it die.

Men do tend to be diagnosed later, which partly explains these differences. However, men's survival is still lower than that for women diagnosed at the same stage suggesting there are biological differences involved as well. Cancer Research UK is funding research to investigate what these differences may be.

The good news is that figures we published in July showed that overall more than 8 in 10 people now survive malignant melanoma for at least 10 years, compared to only around 5 in 10 in the early 70s. The improvements in survival are likely to be due to improvements in treatment, early diagnosis and awareness of the symptoms.

Research by Cancer Research UK has underpinned the development of new treatments, but we can't stop there. By funding more research and increasing awareness we can bring forward the day when even more people survive.

- [Get the latest skin cancer statistics](#) from our website (now including by stage at diagnosis)
- [Download our skin cancer statistics report](#) from our publications website
- Read our press releases based on [mortality](#) and [survival](#) statistics



## NEW WEBSITE TO REVEAL LOCAL CANCER STATISTICS LAUNCHED

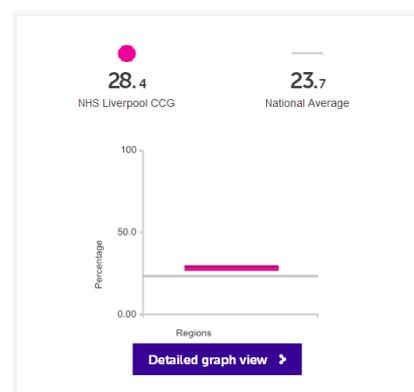
How is your area doing compared to the rest of the country on minimising waiting times, reducing cancer incidence and improving survival?

This month we launched our [Local Cancer Statistics website](#) that can answer these and many other questions. The site can be searched by postcode, constituency, local authority or healthcare area and contains information on cancer incidence, survival and mortality, early diagnosis, screening and smoking statistics for individual areas.

The local figures are compared to the national average and two locations can also be compared directly with each other.

We've created this website because we hope that it will allow policy-makers and healthcare professionals to understand what's going on in their area and support local insight and decision-making. However, with its simple style and clear presentation, it can inform anyone interested in finding out more about cancer statistics for their area.

- [Explore our Local Cancer Statistics website](#)



In the example above the percentage of cancer patients diagnosed via an emergency route in Liverpool PCT is compared to England overall and is shown to be higher than average.

OVER 200,000 CHILDREN AGED 11-15 START SMOKING EVERY YEAR IN THE UK



Please help protect children from tobacco marketing by joining our standardised packaging campaign.

Stop the packet racket

## DID YOU KNOW?

Funded entirely by the public, we're working to bring forward the day when all cancers are cured

Support our work. Find out how.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Cancer Research UK would like to acknowledge the essential work of the [cancer registries](#) in the United Kingdom Association of Cancer Registries.

Without these cancer registries, there would be no incidence or survival data.

## NEARLY ALL MEN SURVIVE TESTICULAR CANCER

Survival for testicular cancer has risen by almost 30 per cent in the last 40 years, with nearly all men now beating the disease. The latest figures show that more than 96 per cent of men now survive testicular cancer, compared with less than 70 per cent in the 1970s. These improvements are largely thanks to the drug cisplatin, which Cancer Research UK helped to develop.

This success is a shining example of how research kills cancer, and through more dedicated research we will bring forward the day when all cancers are cured.

- [Get the latest testicular cancer statistics](#) from our website (now including data by stage at diagnosis)
- [Read the full press release](#) on our website

## COULD A STATISTICIAN SAVE YOUR LIFE?

At the NCIN's [cancer outcomes conference](#) in June, we heard that the UK's cancer intelligence services are now among the best in the world. But what does this actually mean for patients? [In our blog article](#), we explore how using cancer data openly and intelligently can save lives by informing improvements to cancer services.

- [Read the full blog article](#) on our Science Update Blog

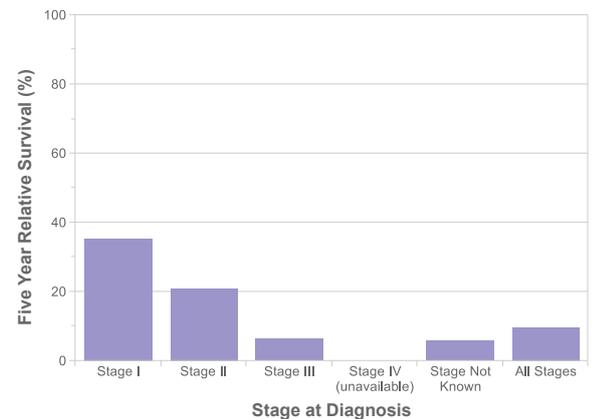
## NEW DATA: LUNG CANCER SURVIVAL BY STAGE DATA

The CancerStats website has recently been updated with the most recent [survival and incidence data by stage](#) for lung cancer.

The data, which is for the Anglia Cancer Network (2003-2006), shows that the majority of patients diagnosed with lung cancer present at stage III or stage IV, and survival at these stages is very low

- [Get the latest lung cancer staging statistics](#) from our website

Data by stage at diagnosis will be added across many other cancer sites within our cancer statistics pages shortly and has already been added for [malignant melanoma](#) and [testicular cancer](#).



## NEW DATA: SOFT TISSUE SARCOMA STATISTICS

We've teamed up with the lead registry for sarcomas ([West Midlands Knowledge and Intelligence Team \(KIT\)](#)), to produce the most accurate and detailed [UK incidence figures for soft tissue sarcoma \(STS\)](#) that CRUK has ever published. STS are defined by morphology as well as by location in the body, and we're now able to provide this more detailed view of the figures.

There are around 3,300 STS cases each year in the UK, with twelve distinct subtypes. The most common types are leiomyosarcoma, fibroblastic sarcoma and liposarcoma. All of the main STS subtypes are more common in older people, though some also affect young children. STS incidence has increased in the UK since the mid-1990s, probably because of improvements to diagnosis and data recording. Around a quarter of STS cases are found in the limbs.

Together with the West Midlands KIT we will be producing STS survival statistics and risk factors information, which will be published in the coming months.

- [Get the latest STS incidence statistics](#) from our website